Puget Sound Regional Household Travel Survey Program

Freight Advisory Committee October 9, 2024





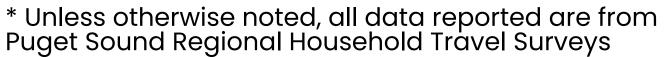
We are leaders in the region to realize equity for all. Diversity, racial equity and inclusion are integrated into how we carry out all our work.

psrc.org/equity

Overview

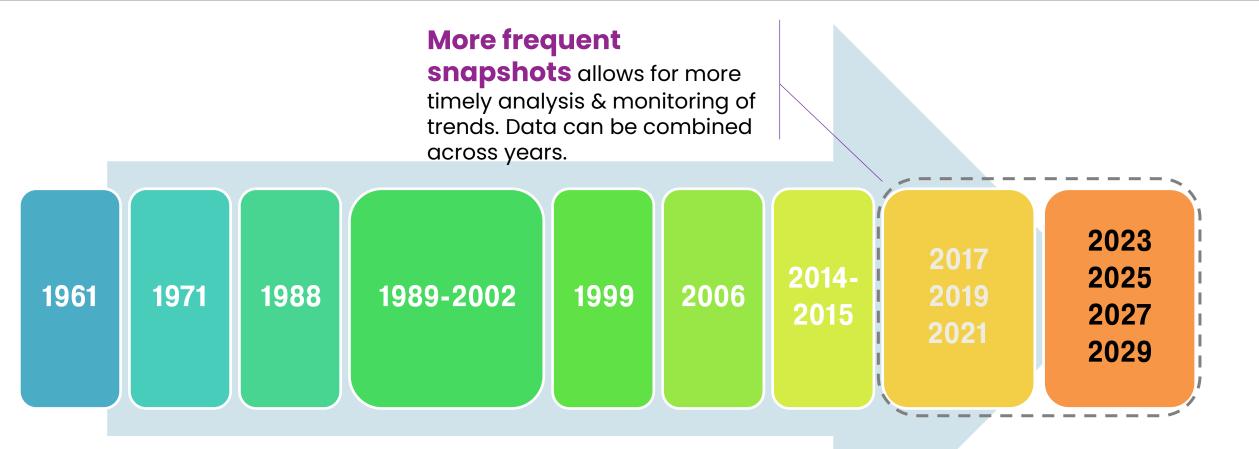


- Intro to the Household Travel Survey (HTS) Program
- General Travel Trends*
- Delivery Trends*
- 2023 presentation schedule & 2025 survey





Puget Sound Regional Travel Studies





Multi-year HTS Program

Program goal: The surveys seek to capture quality, <u>regionally representative</u> data for activity and travel behaviors of <u>residents</u> on a typical <u>weekday</u>.

Motivations

- Frequent snapshots, ability to combine multiple years of data
- "Smoother" budgets & labor roles
- More flexibility & opportunities for add-ons



The 2023 HTS data – The connections are the magic

Directly observed demographics:

- Age
- Disability (new)
- Education
- Gender
- Income
- Race & ethnicity
- Sexuality (new)

Examples of planning topics for analysis:

- Active travel
- Electric vehicle charging (new)
- Home deliveries
- Public transit use
- Residential displacement
- Shopping & travel purposes
- Working at home
- Vehicle miles travel & greenhouse gas emissions

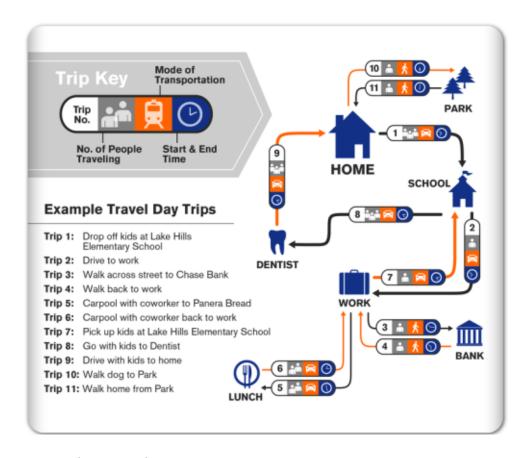


Information in the HTS data

Who is traveling?
Where are they going?
When do they travel?
Why are they going?
How do they get there?

Planning/policy questions

- How much do people walk?
- How does transit use vary by race?
- What kinds of households get home deliveries?
- How often do workers typically telecommute?
- · What households are displaced from their homes?





Uses of HTS data



Analysis

- Most recent regional travel behaviors & patterns
- Trends: comparisons with previous surveys

Model development

- SoundCast
 - Activity-based travel model system
 - Estimate activity/travel choice models
- UrbanSim
 - Parcel-based land use model system
 - Estimate residential location choice model



2017, 2019, & 2023 samples

Representative samples

<u>2017 sample</u>

- 3,275 households
- Redmond & Seattle add-ons

<u>2019 sample</u>

- 3,044 households
- Seattle add-on

2023 sample

- 3,661 households
- Bellevue & Seattle add-ons

Sampling & stratifications

- Random address sample from USPS
- Targeted areas for oversampling
 - People of color, low income, no vehicles, renters, young adults, Regional Growth Centers
 - Lower expected response rates including rural areas



TELL US HOW YOU GET AROUND















Regional daily Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)

Daily Vehicle Miles Traveled, 2010-2023



VMT from trips made by all vehicles, including freight

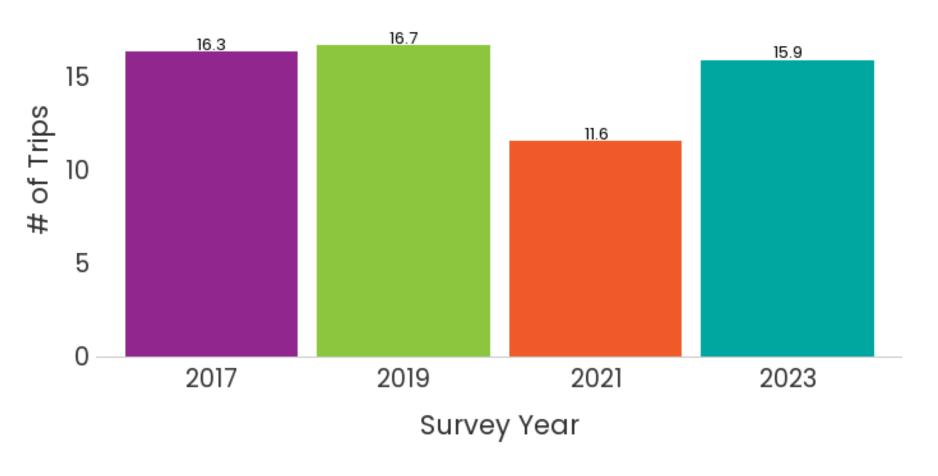
Regional VMT peaked in 2019 at 88 million miles daily. Then, dropped in 2020, but has been increasing since

In 2023, 7% of VMT were made by trucks



Average weekday trips for residents

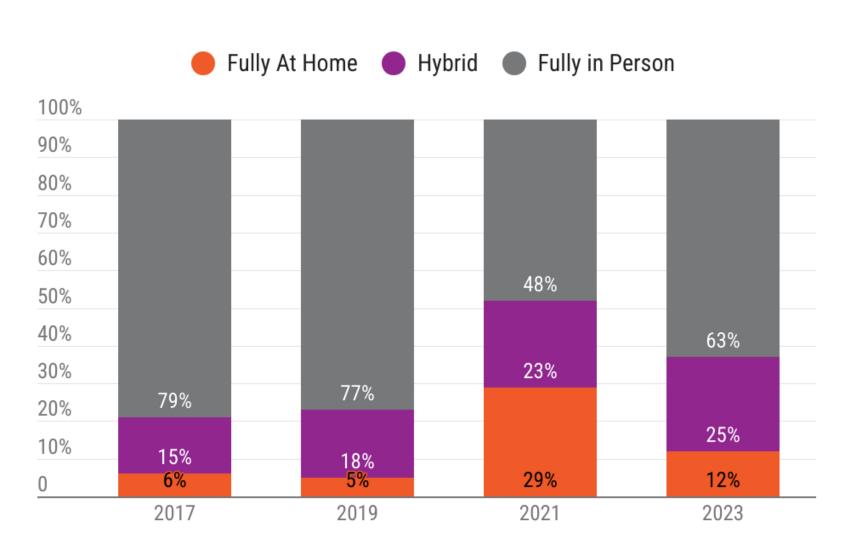
Total Trips in Region (in millions)



2023 average weekday trips for residents nearly back to pre-pandemic level



Work location share (% of workers)

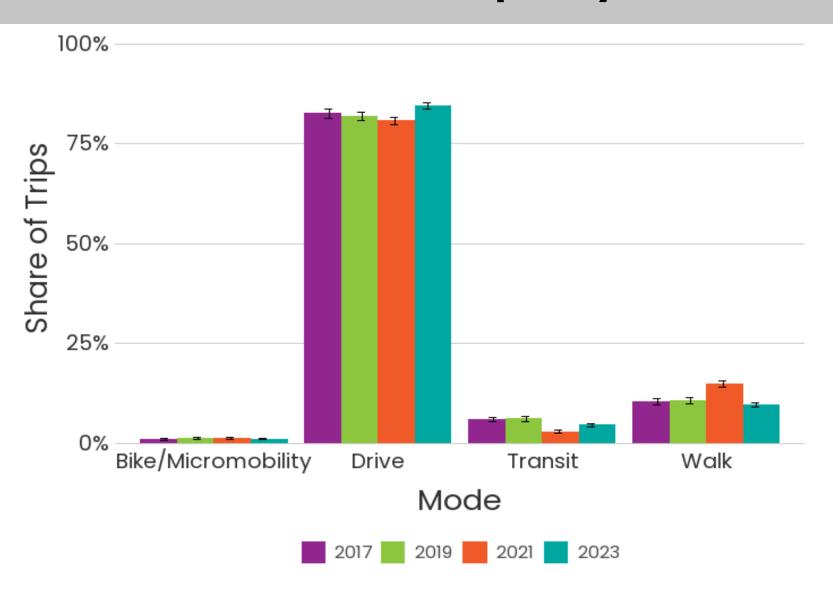


Those who work fully at home peaked in 2021, but 2023 rate remained 2x higher than 2017.

Almost 2/3 of workers always left home for their jobs in 2023.



Mode shares for all trips by residents



In 2023, walking decreased to pre-pandemic numbers and transit saw a post-pandemic increase.



2023 delivery survey question

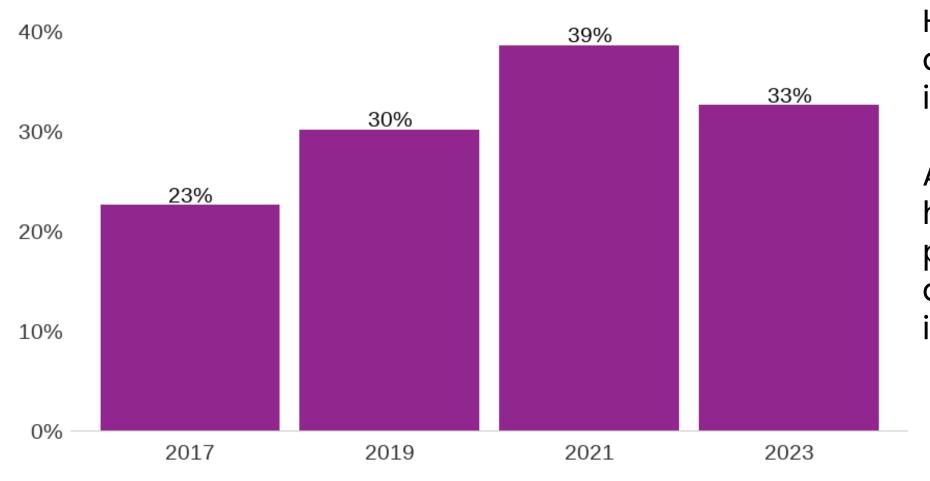
We want to know how delivery and household services contribute to travel.

Today, which of the following occurred?

Se	elect all that apply.
	Received packages at home (e.g., USPS, FedEx, UPS)
	Received personal packages at work
	Received packages at another location (e.g., Amazon locker, package pick-up point)
	Take-out/prepared food delivered to home
	Groceries delivered to home
	Someone came to do work at home (e.g., babysitter, housecleaning, lawn)
	Other item delivered to home (e.g., appliance)
	None of the above



Households receiving a package at home on average weekday (%)

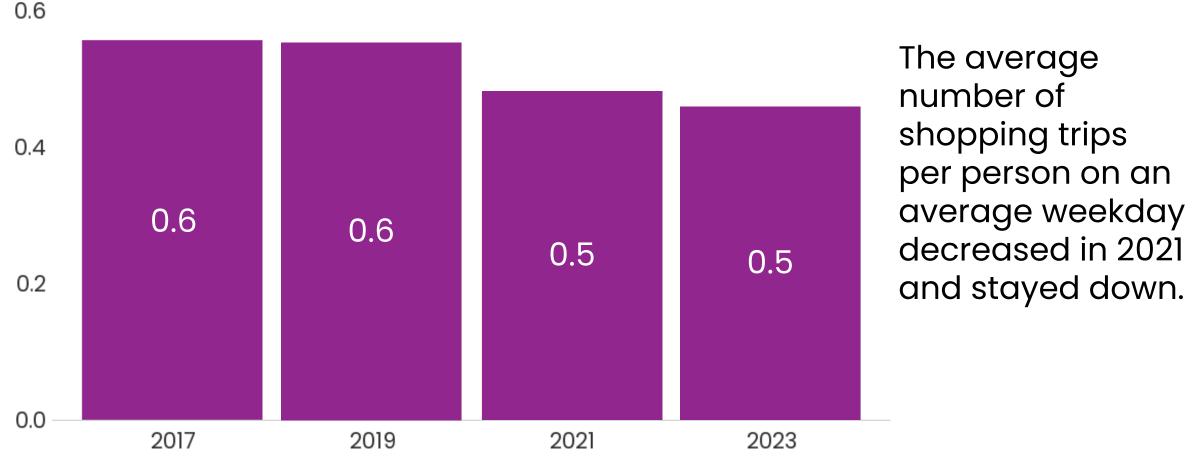


Home package deliveries peaked in 2021

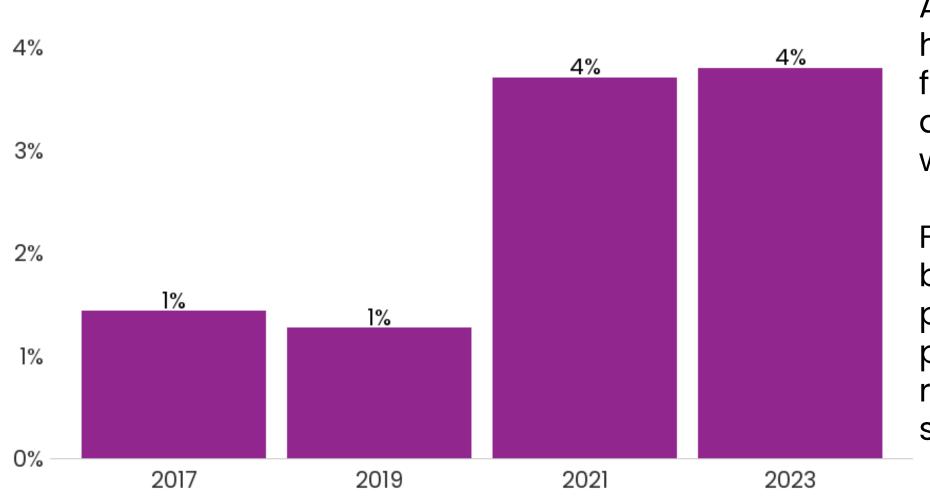
A third of regional households got a package on an average weekday in 2023.



Average number of shopping trips per person on an average weekday



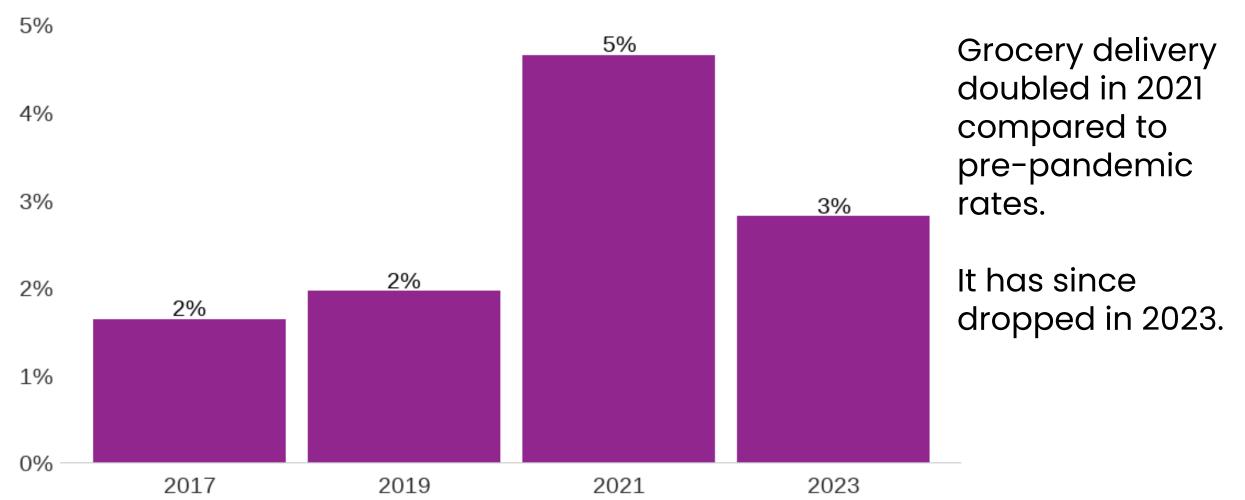
Households having take-out/prepared food delivered on average weekday (%)



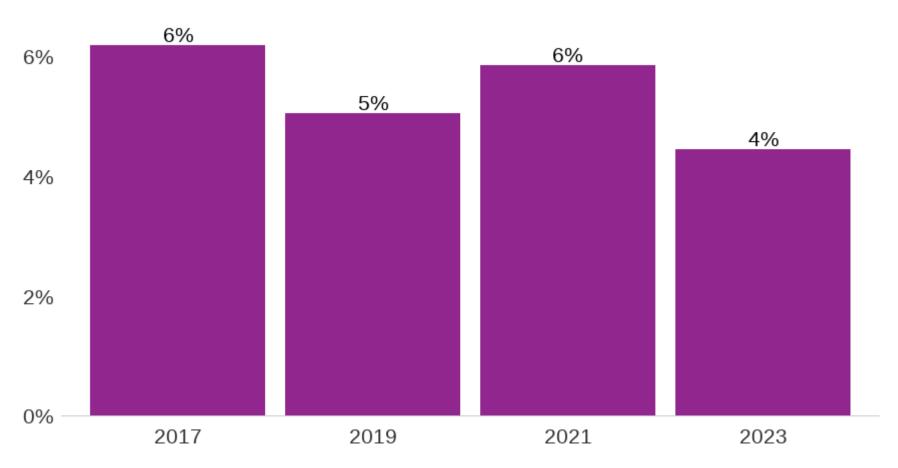
About 1 out of 25 households get food delivery on an average weekday.

Food delivery became more popular during pandemic and rate remained similar in 2023.

Households having grocery delivered on an average weekday (%)



Households who had someone come to do work

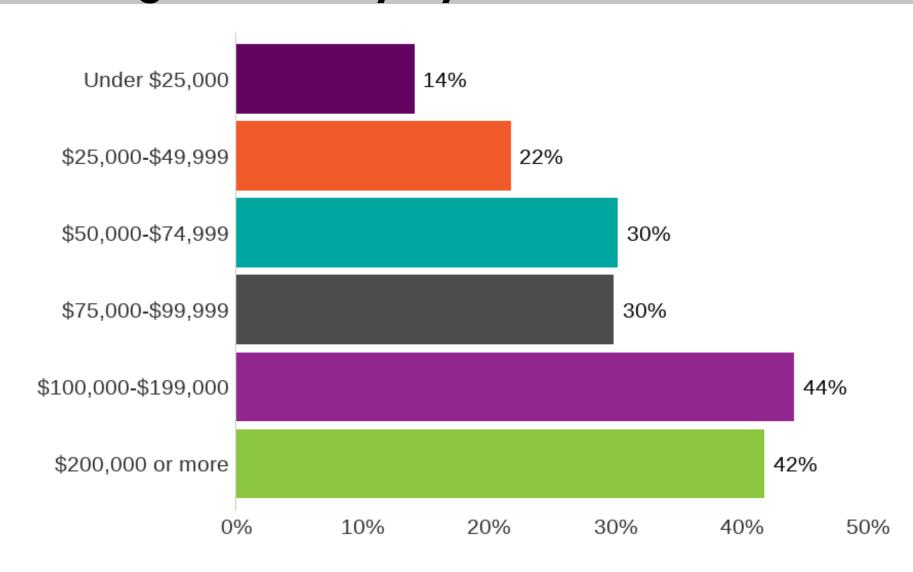


This category shows no clear trend.

Could its relative stability be attributed to constraints in supply of skilled labor?



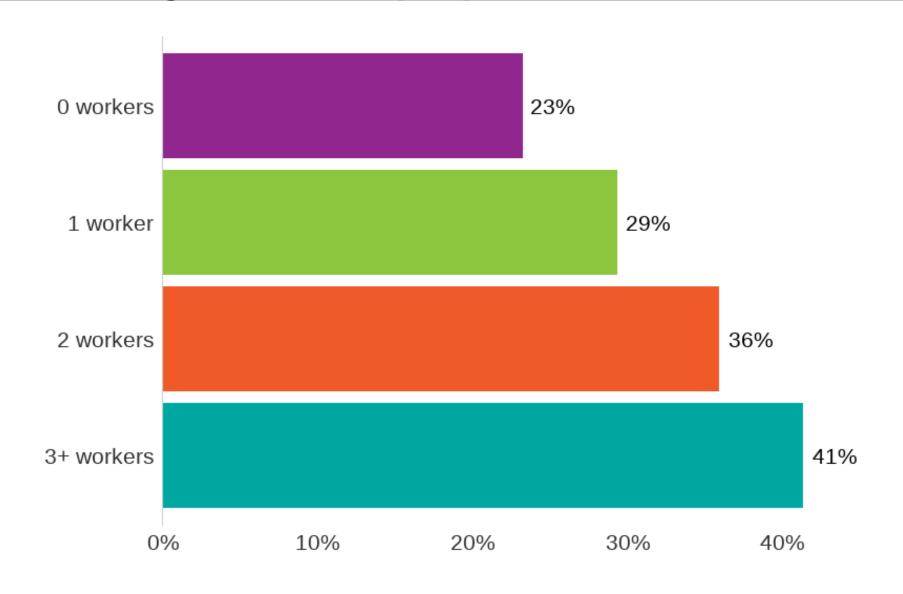
2023 households receiving a package on an average weekday by household income



Households with higher incomes are more likely to receive packages.

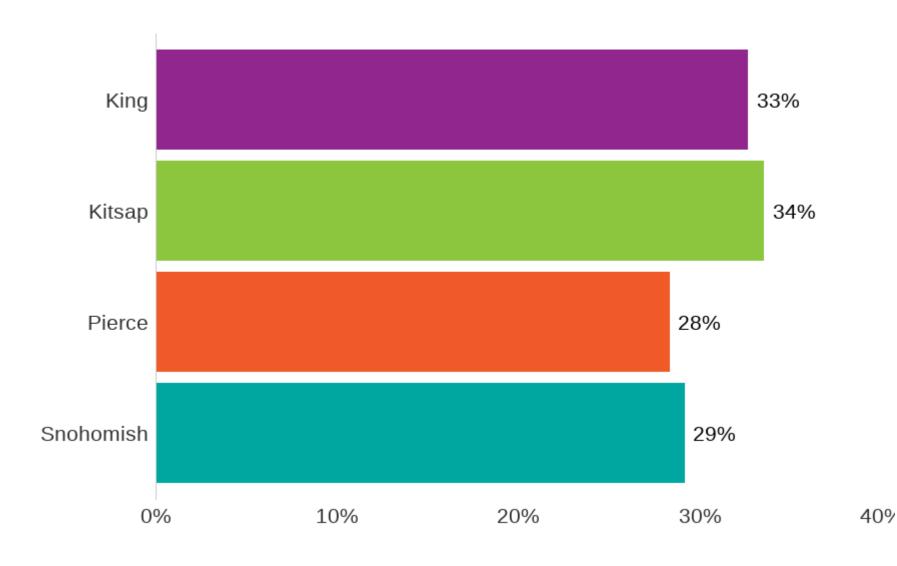


2023 households receiving a package on an average weekday by number of workers



Households with more workers receive more packages, and the rate of increase is relatively linear.

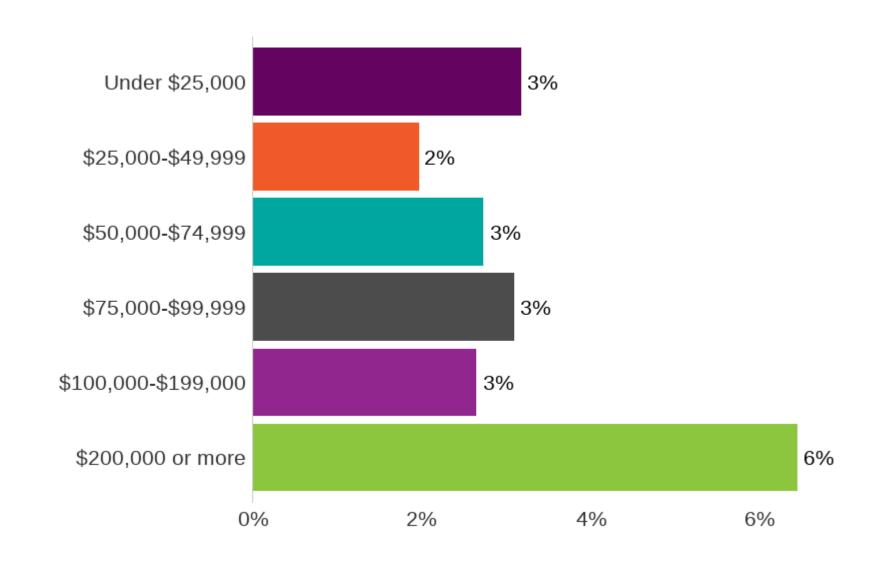
2023 households receiving a package on an average weekday by home county



Households from all counties get packages at similar rates.

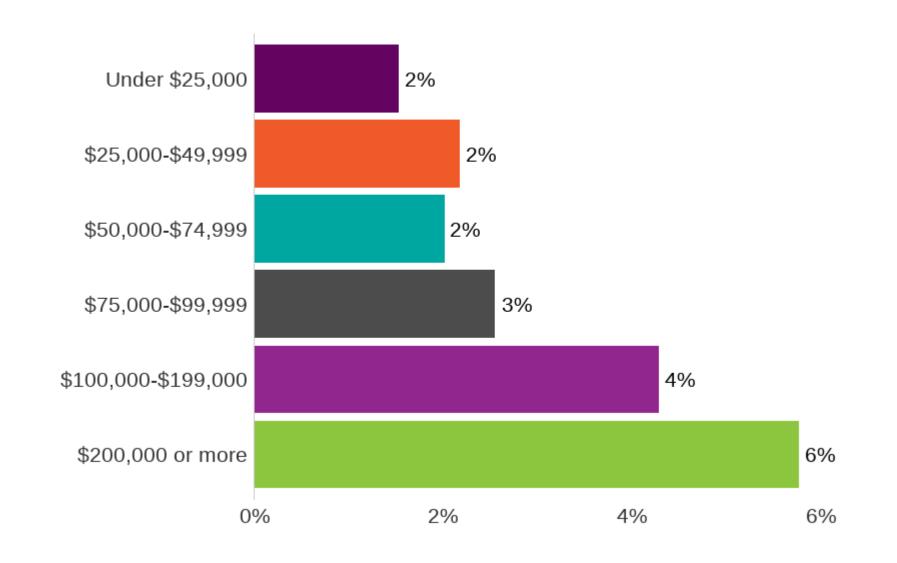
No noticeable differences were found with Regional Geographies or Regional Centers.

2023 households receiving food delivery on an average weekday by household income



The highest income group is much more likely to have food delivered.

2023 households receiving grocery deliveries on an average weekday by household income



The two highest income groups are much more likely to get grocery deliveries.



Delivery summary

1/3 of Households received a package at home an average weekday in 2023, down from 2021.

Package delivery correlates with household income and number of workers, but not with home geography.

Households with food and grocery delivered is less than 5% on a weekday. Food and grocery delivery became more popular during COVID-19 and are most popular among the highest income households.



2023 HTS presentation schedule

Group	Date	Time	Topic
<u>Transportation Demand</u> <u>Management (TDM)</u>	8/27 Tue	10am- 12pm	Workplaces, commutes, telework
Bicycle Pedestrian Advisory Committee (BPAC)	9/10 Tue	10am- 12pm	Walk, bike, roll
Coordinated Mobility & Accessibility Committee (CMAC)	9/18 Wed	9:30- 11:30am	People with disabilities, older adults, youth, people with lower income, people with limited English proficiency
<u>Transit-Oriented</u> <u>Development (TOD)</u>	9/20 Fri	10am- 12pm	Transit & other modes, Regional Growth Centers (RGC) & High-Capacity Transit (HCT) communities
Freight Advisory Committee (FAC)	10/9 Wed	9:30- 11am	Deliveries & other travels induced by residents
Transit Operator Committees (TOC)	10/23 Wed	10am- 12pm	Focus on transit behaviors
Regional Staff Committee (RSC)	11/21 Thu	9:30- 11:30am	Highlights from all topics

2025 HTS Timeline

2024 October Start 2025 HTS project with consultants

2025 February - June Data collection

July Data cleaning, processing, weighting begins

2026 March Final data delivery & publication



